1	SENATE BILL 18
2	57TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2025
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Craig W. Brandt and Steve D. Lanier and Catherine J. Cullen
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO CRIMES AGAINST THE PUBLIC PEACE; CREATING THE CRIME
12	OF SWATTING; PRESCRIBING PENALTIES FOR SWATTING; INCREASING THE
13	PENALTY FOR MAKING A SHOOTING THREAT TO A FOURTH DEGREE FELONY;
14	DEFINING "PUBLIC SAFETY AGENCY"; MAKING CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
17	SECTION 1. Section 30-20-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,
18	Chapter 285, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
19	"30-20-16. BOMB SCARES, [AND] SHOOTING THREATS <u>AND</u>
20	SWATTING UNLAWFUL
21	A. Making a bomb scare consists of falsely and
22	maliciously stating to another person that a bomb or other
23	explosive has been placed in such a position that property or
24	persons are likely to be injured or destroyed.
25	B. Making a shooting threat consists of
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<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete

1 intentionally communicating to another person an intent to 2 bring a firearm to a property or use the firearm with the 3 intent to: 4 (1) place a person or group of persons in fear 5 of great bodily harm; 6 (2) prevent or interrupt the occupation or use 7 of a public building; or 8 (3) cause a response to the threat by a law 9 enforcement official or volunteer agency organized to deal with 10 emergencies. 11 C. Swatting consists of knowingly making a false or 12 misleading report to a public safety agency of an ongoing 13 emergency or threat of violence with the intent to cause an 14 immediate response from a public safety agency. 15 [C.] D. Whoever commits making a bomb scare, [is 16 guilty of a fourth degree felony. 17 D. Whoever commits] making a shooting threat [is 18 guilty of a misdemeanor] or swatting is guilty of a fourth 19 degree felony. 20 A court may order a person convicted [for the Ε. 21 offense] of making a bomb scare, [or] making a shooting threat 22 or swatting to reimburse the victim of the offense for economic 23 harm caused by that offense. 24 F. As used in this section: 25 (1) "economic harm" means [all] direct, .229269.1 - 2 -

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1	incidental and consequential financial harm [suffered by a
2	victim of the offense of making a bomb scare or shooting
3	threat. "Economic harm"] and includes:
4	[(l)] <u>(a) lost</u> wages, salaries or other
5	compensation; [lost as a result of the commission of the
6	offense of making a bomb scare or shooting threat
7	(2)] (b) the cost of [all] wages,
8	salaries or other compensation paid to employees for time that
9	those employees are prevented from working [as a result of the
10	commission of the offense of making a bomb scare or shooting
11	threat]; and
12	[(3)] <u>(c)</u> overhead costs incurred for
13	the period of time that a business is shut down; [as a result
14	of the commission of the offense of making a bomb scare or
15	shooting threat] and
16	(2) "public safety agency" means a law
17	enforcement, firefighting or emergency medical services agency
18	or a public safety answering point operating in accordance with
19	the Enhanced 911 Act."
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underscored material = new
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